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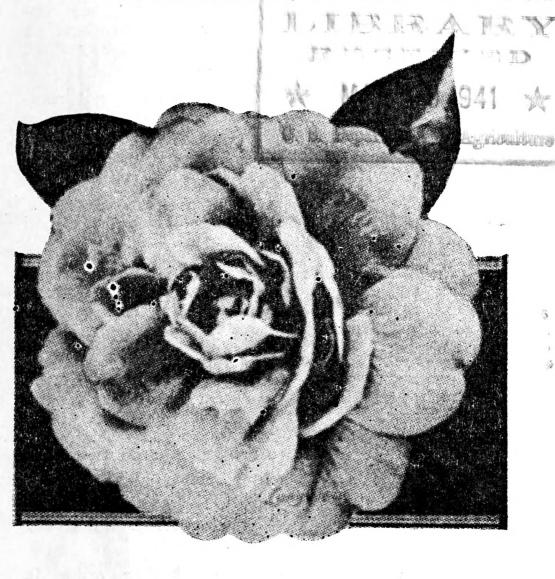


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RETAIL PRICE LIST

AZALEA GLEN NURSERIES, INC.

LOXLEY, ALA.



Conveniently Located On Principal Highways, Intersection of U. S. 90 (Old Spanish Trail) And Alabama No. 3

17 Miles East of Mobile

SEASON 1940-1941

GREETINGS:

To Our Friends and Patrons:

Please accept our sincere thanks for every order with which you have favored us in past seasons. In expressing our sincere appreciation, will say our aim toward successful operation is to merit your continued good will. With this in mind we are bending every effort to produce better quality nursery stock at prices you can afford to pay.

We are of the opinion that a home is not complete until it is "Planted" and naturally will take great pleasure in offering you our assistance in every way possible to bring about this acquisition to your home grounds.

From the many letters of praise for our stock, from our patrons this past season we feel satisfied that we can merit your future patronage.

WE GUARANTEE: Our stock to be grown true to name and properly packed: We cannot control condition after plants leave us, making it impossible for us to guarantee plants to live.

Our responsibility for delivery ceases when we have delivered the stock in good condition to the transportation company or carrier. Any claims should be made within five days of receipt of stock. It must be agreed that our liability under this guarantee is limited to the original price received for stock.

TERMS: All orders must be accompanied by cash: Add 2% Sales Tax to all orders for delivery within the State of Alabama.

TRANSPORTATION: State whether order is to be shipped by parcel post, express or freight. Prices subject to change without notice. Visitors always welcome.

M. M. WINDBIGLER, President H. L. WINDBIGLER, Vice-President A. C. MAHLER, Secretary.

PHONE 1705

LOXLEY, ALA.

Cultural Information

for growing better Camellias and Azaleas.

The first main item is the stock that you buy to plant. If you buy shade house grown stock that is not used to full sun and has been grown in a crowded condition, you cannot expect to have them grow off and make you nice plants and give you the flowers that you expect. When you buy always ask for and get plants that are growing in full sun in the fields. They are more sturdy and will transplant and grow as you want them to.

Next you must have the place where you are to plant the new plants ready and in proper condition. If in a sandy soil take out the sand down to two feet and refill with fresh pond muck, add well rotted dairy fertilizer, peat moss; this makes a mixture that will feed your plants and will retain the moisture during the hot dry weather in summer. If you use cotton seed meal be sure and use the hose and wet as it will burn the plants, and is sure to if used in sandy soils and no water used. Vigero may be used in the spring, but plants must be well watered whenever commercial fertilizer is used. Never use a fertilizer that contains lime as it sweetens the soil, and these plants thrive in acid soil. If you have alkaline soil, then use Aluminum Sulphate at the rate of four-inch pot full to a wheel barrow of soil.

If you cannot water the plants the first season that they are planted then they should be shaded until late fall. Mulch them well with peat moss; that helps hold the moisture and keeps down the weeds.

Azaleas and Camellias will grow and give you all the flowers that you expect growing in full sun. Keep them away from other large plants that are gross feeders and will steal the food and moisture that you give your new plants.

Insects And Diseases

Red Spiders attack both Azaleas and Camellias. It is apparent by dropping of many leaves from the Azaleas; the Camellia leaves become brown in color. On Azaleas you can use the hose and wash them off. If this does not control them, use the following dust measure: Mixture, eight pounds sulphur, one pound arsenate of lead, one pound tobacco dust. Dust on early in the morning while the dew is on. Be sure and dust the under side of the leaves.

Camellias are attacked by several species of scale insects. You can tell when your Camellia has scale by the leaves becoming spotted and yellow, caused by scale on the under side of the leaves. They should be sprayed by Nursery Volk, Jr., one part to 50 parts of water. If the infestation is heavy they ought to be sprayed three times a year during the early spring and summer. Be sure and spray the under side of the leaves as that is where you will find the scale. Warning: DO NOT SPRAY Camellias in late fall or winter as a sudden cold weather

just after spraying may kill your plants, or cause buds to drop.

Remember, buy good plants, place in well prepared beds, spray when needed, mulch with peat moss, and you will have shrubs of which to be proud.

Azaleas can be transplanted any time of the year. However, the best time is from the first of September through March. Camellias can be transplanted from the latter part of September until growth starts in spring.

Any special problem that you may have in regard to your plants, send us a card and we will be glad to help you.

Camellia Japonica

This is king of our broad-leaved evergreens. You may have these beautiful flowers from September through into March, in so many colors and from singles to large heavy doubles. They make fine tub and pot plants. We are offering 90 varieties this season, 40 more than last year, and have many more, some very fine seedling that will be offered next year. Some camellias are selling under several different names, in order that you may not buy the same camellia under two different names we are listing ours under the standard names and also giving you their scientific names. Will be very glad to help you make your selection. Visit our nurseries, we will show you as fine camellia plants that can be grown. You will like our stock of; Glen No. 40: Blood of China: Nagasaki: Mathotiana Rubra: Order Early then you will not be disappointed.

RARE CAMELLIAS; PRICES	
From $2\frac{1}{2}$ in pots \$1.00	each
6 in. to 8 in. \$2.00	
8 in. to 10 in\$3.00	
CLASS A-1 CAMELLIAS; PRICES	
From 2½ in. pots	each
8 in. to 10 in1.50	
12 in. to 18 in2.50	
18 in. to 24 in3.50	
CLASS A CAMELLIA; PRICES	
8 in. to 12 in. \$1.00	each
12 in. to 15 in1.50	each
15 in. to 18 in2.00	each
18 in. to 24 in2.50	each
24 in. to 30 in	each
CLASS B CAMELLIA; PRICES	
8 in. to 12 in. \$.75	each
12 in. to 15 in1.00	
15 in. to 18 in1.25	
18 in. to 24 in. 1.50	
24 in. to 30 in. 1.75	

Class

A ALBO PLENO: White, double, early blcomer.

Rare APPLE BLOSSOM: Light pink, single, quite fragrant, fast grower.

A-1 AUGUSTA DELFOSSE: Cherry red, loose peony form.

- A-1 BRILLIANT: Bright red, double, blooms midseason, good grower.
- Rare BLACK PRINCE: Black red, double, late blocming, fast grower.
- Rare BLOOD OF CHINA: (Victor Emanuel)
 Deep Red, peony form, large flowers, midseason bloomer, good grower.
 - season bloomer, good grower.

 A BONAMIANA: Variegated, flowers, you will also find solid colors of red and white flowers on the same bush, semi-double, good grower.
- Rare BURNS PINK: (Angelo Cochet) White spetted with pink, large peony form, late season bloomer, slow spreading grower.
 - A CHANDLERII: (Pride of the Emperor Garden) Cherry red with white, large peony form, mid-season bloomer, fair grower.
- Rare COLLETTIE MACULATA: Red striped with white, peony form, late bloomer, slow grower.
 - A-1 CONCORDIA: Pink and white, peony form, fast grower.
 - A COUNTESS OF ORKNEY: White with pink stripes: double, slow grower.
- Rare C. M. HOVEY: Red, variegated with white, very much like Mathotiana Rubra, except the white markings.
 - A CAMEO PINK: Semi-double with stamens, pink, mid-season bloomer, good grower.
 - A-1 CARNATION: (Christmas Glory) Bright red, double, mid-season bloomer.
- Rare CANDIDA ELEGANTISSIMA: Deep pink blotched with white, semi-double, large flowers, mid-season bloomer, good grower.
- Rare COL. FIREY: (Wm. S. Hastie) Rich crimson, double, large flowers, late bloomer, good grower.
 - A-1 CHEERFUL: (Lucida) Red, double, showing stamens, mid-season bloomer, tall upright grower.
- Rare DEBUTANTEE: (Sara C. Hastie) Light Pink, peony form, early bloomer, slow grower.
- Rare DUCHESS OF SUTHERLAND: White with occasional red sploch or stripe, semi-double, very large, mid-season bloomer, good grower.
 - B DIXIE: (Fielders Pink: Rosita: Pink cheerful:) Rose pink, double, good grower, midseason blcomer.
- Rare DAIKAGUARA: Pink, peony form, large flower, very early bloomer, good grower.
- Rare DAIKAGUARA VARIEGATED: Same as above except flowers variegated.
- Rare DANTE: White, double, medium size flowers, good grower.
- Rare DONKILARI: (From California), Red blotched with white, semi-double, good grower.
- Rare DONKILARI: (Georgia) Red with white markings, semi-double, very large flowers, late bloomer, slow grower.
- Rare late bloomer, slow grower.

 EMPRESS: (Lady Clare, Grandiflora Rosea)
 Deep pink, semi-double, early bloomer, very large flowers, good grower.

ELLANOR McKENSIE: Pink with white A-1 markings, peony form, mid-season bloomer, good grower.

EMPEROR OF RUSSIA: (Pride of Green-Rare ville, Hendersonii), Brillant red, large pecny form, fair grower.

ENRICO BETTONI: (Maurice Hurst, Haleys \mathbf{A} Monarch), light pink, semi-double to peony form, late bloomer, fast grower.

FAIRHOPE: (Two Story House): Three in Rare One: Red and white variegated, semi-double, petals like crinkled crepe paper, mid-season bloomer, fair grower.

and white variegated, \mathbf{A} FLORIDA: Pink double, mid-season bloomer, good grower.

GLEN NO. 40: Beautiful Red shading into Rare salmon, semi-double to double, late bloomer, and a slow grower. This of all the varieties of camellias we have, open up 100% during the past cold winter, it is the finest camellia we grow.

GIGANTEA: (Magnolia King Kellingtonia), Rare Deep red, semi-double stripe and marbled

with white, late bloomer, open grower. GLORIE DE NANTES: (Leana Superba), Cerise Red, semi-double, large flowers, cen-A-1ter petals often twisting, good grower, midseason bloomer.

GOVERNOR MOUTON: Deep red, some Rare times marbled white, peony form, late bloomer, medium grower.

Α

GOGHOGURUMA: Deep red, semi-double, Rare good size flowers, mid-season, bloomer, good grower.

 \mathbf{A} HERME: (Hikari Gengi, Jordans Pride, Jenny Lind), Variegated white, with red and stripes, large loose semi-double to

peony form, good grower. HORKAN: (Rena Campbell, Variabilis), pink A-1and white combination with some solid colors on same plant, peony form, good grow-

Rare ILL TRAMENTO: (Laurel Leaf: Countess Lovinia Maggi), white with pink shading, petals incurved in center, double, medium grower, mid-season bloomer.

JARVIS RED: Deep blood red: large semi- \mathbf{B} double, good grower, mid-season bloomer.

Rare KIYOSU: Crimson blotches on white ground, very large flowers, medium grower.

KUMASAKA: (Lady Marion), deep pink, large peony form, fair grower, late season Rare bloomer.

LADY ALICE: Dark red, with some white, peony form, good grower, late bloomer.

LADY VANSETTIE: Semi-double red with Rare some white, semi-double, mid-season bloomer, fair grower. LADY BLUSH: Delicate flesh pink, dcuble,

Rare slow grower. mid-season bloomer.

LELIA: Shell Pink, often with white mark-Rare ings, double, mid-season bloomer.

LEONA BOLEN: Blood red, large semi-Rare double, fair grower, mid-season bloomer. This is a new seedling.

- Rare LADY MULBERRY: Beautiful shade of pink, with flowers frosted with white on each petal, large, semi-double, fair grower, mid-season bloomer.
- Rare MARCHIONESS OF SALISBURY: Dark red, sometimes the flowers will have blotches of white, peony form, mid-season to late bloomer, fair grower.
- Rare MADAME NIHART: (Fanny Bolis), Red blotched with white, large, semi-double, midseason bloomer, good grower.
- Rare MISS DORA McCARTER: White, large single, fair grower, mid-season bloomer.
- Rare MONARCH: (Red ball: Gunelli: Honneur d' Aerique), Deep pink to light red, with some white markings, very large peony form, mid-season on to late bloomer, slow flat grower.
 - B MON LOUIS PINK: Light pink, semi-double good grower, mid-season bloomer.
- Rare MRS. WILLIAM THOMPSON: White, large semi-double, recent importation from Europe, good grower, mid-season bloomer.
- Rare MATHOTIANA RUBRA: (Purple Emperor: Purple Dawn: William S. Hastie), light red to deep red, depending on the soil conditions, very large double, sometime showing stamens, as the flowers get older, outer edge of petals turn purple. Good grower, midseason bloomer.
 - A MME DE STREAKALOFF: (Gen Lamoriciere: Punctata Major), pink and white, semidouble, to peony form, good upright grower, late bloomer.
 - A MATHOTIANA ALBA: White, large full double, some flowers have markings of red fast grower, late bloomer.
 - A MEIGS VARIEGATED: Light rose pink, often splotched with white, large double, fast grover, late flowering.
 - fast grower, late flowering.

 A MRS. ABBY WILDER: White, with tiny splashes of pink, peony form, compact, good grower, mid-season bloomer.
- Rare MADAME ADELE: Large pink, peony form, good grower, had flowers from the first of the camellia season and was the last to bloom for us. Good grower.
 - A NOBLISSIMA: Creamy white, semi-double, interspersed with golden stamens, good grower, mid-season bloomer.
- Rare NAGASAKI: Very large, white, marked with red and pink markings, semi-double, fair unright grower mid-season to lafe bloomer.
 - upright grower, mid-season to lafe bloomer.

 A-1 NATCHEZ: Large red, some flowers have white spots, fair grower, mid-season bloomer.
- A-1 OTOMÉ: Shell pink, larger flowers than pink perfection, double, mid-season bloomer.
- Rare POWELL'S PINK: Large pink, peony type, slow grower, mid-season bloomer.

 A-1 PINK PERFECTION: Light pink, double,
 - A-1 PINK PERFECTION: Light pink, double, good grower, early bloomer, one of the best for pot culture.
 - A PROF. C. S. SARGENT: Dark red, this is one of the finest red camellias, double, midseason bloomer, good upright grower.

Rare

 \mathbf{A}

PEONIAFLORA: White with pink blotches, Rare very large, peony to semi-double form, good grower, mid-season bloomer.

White with red and pink Rare PURPLIANA: markings, peony form, dark green round leaves, flat, slow grower, mid-season blocm-

- PRNCE EUGENE NAPOLEON: (Pope Pius: Ladnier's red), bright red, double, some- \mathbf{A} times spotted with white, fast, upright grower, early bloomer.
- RUBRA VIRGINALIS: Salmon pink, peony \mathbf{A} form, mid-season bloomer, good grower.
- RED CHANDLERII: (Paynes Red), beautiful Rare shade of red, peony form, mid-season bloomer, fair grower.
 - RAINY SUN: Dark red, semi-double, mid-Α season bloomer, fast upright grower.
 - ROSE EMRY: Crimson, pecny form, good B grower, early bloomer.
- Rare RED EAGLE: Pink, very large semi-double, good grower, mid-season bloomer.
- ST. ELMO: (Augusta Wilson, Cabbage Head) Rare Beautiful shade of soft pink, very large peony form, some flowers will have white markings, fair grower, early bloomer.
- Rare SWEET VERA: (Duc d'Orleans, Lewelling) variegated, flesh pink, streaked rose, peony, form, slow grower, mid-season bloomer.
 - SEMI-DOUBLE BLUSH: Light pink, semi-A-1 double, fair grower, mid-season, blcomer.
 - \mathbf{B} SARAH FROST: Rose red, double, compact, good grower, mid-season bloomer.
- STILSON VALLEVAREDA: Medium pink, Rare white markings, large double, fair grower, mid-season bloomer.

SOPHIA: Pink with white markings, pecny A

form, fair grower, early bloomer. SNOWDRIFT: White, large sen semi-double,

good grower, mid-season bloomer. TUTCHERIA: Beautiful blending of red Rare shades, double, good grower, mid-season bloomer.

TURNER'S VARIEGATED: White with Rare pink and red markings, peony form, good grower, mid-season bloomer.

 \mathbf{B} TRI-COLOR: White with red markings, semi-double, good grower, mid-season bloom-

A-1W. L. DOWNING: Dark red, semi-double, good grower, mid-season bloomer.

WARRATA RED: Deep shade of red, peony form, fair grower, mid-season bloomer.

WARRATA WHITE: White, peony form, Rare fair grower, mid-season bloomer. YARD PINK: Deep pink, peony form, fair

A-1 grower, mid-season bloomer.

Camellia Sassangua

BRILLIANCY—Bright cherry red, 18 in. \$2.00 DAWN—Flowers semi-double, ivory white with flesh pink at the margin of the petals, 18 in. \$2.00

OLEANDER—The long narrow green leaves with the bright colored flowers makes it a shrub that will fit into any planting. The Oleander is a most desirable plant for sea-side planting; stands

the salt atmosphere.

Cardinal (Deep Red) Mme. Peye (Shell Pink) White Medium \$.40 Large \$.65 Specimens \$1.00 PITTOSPORUM TOBIRA—A shrub with glossy dark green leaves. Fragrant yellowish-white flowers. Makes a beautiful specimen plant. Fine

for hedges.
10-12 in. \$.50 15-18 in. \$1.00 24-30 in. \$1.50 PITTOSPORUM VARIEGATED—Same as above except slower grower and has variegated foliage.

8 to 10 in. \$\\$.50 \quad 15 to 18 in. \$\\$ \\$ 1.00 \quad (PYRACANTHA) FORMOSANA—This is the most showy of the red berried pyracantha, a solid mass of brilliant red berries with glossy green foliage. Pyrancanthas will be severely pruned before shipping to facilitate transplanting. (PYRACANTHA) LALANDII—This

variety has golden yellow berries, an upright grower; berries commence to turn to their golden color in late

August.

Prices on above Pyracanthas

\$.75 Medium \$1.00 Specimen \$2.00 PYRACANTHA, CRENULATA, ROGERSIANA: This is a new addition to the pyracantha family, and will replace the older varieties, as this, berries very young, and the orange-red berries color up in the latter part of August and carry throughout the winter, semi-upright grower.

Each: Medium \$1.00 Heavy \$1.50 PLUMBARGO CAPENSIS: A very beautiful evergreen shrub producing an abundance of pale blue

flowers.

Each \$.50
PODOCARPUS (Japanese Yew)—Long dark green leaves three inches long. Pyramidal habit of growth, can be pruned to any desired shape, does

growth, can be pruned to any desired shape, does well in full sun or dense shade.

12-18 in. \$.75 18-24 in. \$1.15 2-3 ft. \$1.50 3 to 4 ft. \$2.00 4 to 5 ft. \$2.50
PHONTINA GLABRA—Photinia is a mass of burning scarlet when covered with new growth. This, mixed with the green of the old leaves, makes it a plant you will surely be convinced is a wonderful addition to the evergreen family. Can be sheared into any form; suitable for hedges, individual planting as well as mixed setting among other green leaved evergreens. other green leaved evergreens.

grower than Photinia Glabra. Leaves are separated, and new growth wine color. to 3 ft. \$1.25 3 to 4 ft. \$1.50

2 to 3 ft. \$1.25

Conifers

LANCEOLATA GLAUCA: (Blue CUNNINGHAM Chinese Fir): The foliage is more dense and glaucous than on the old cunninghamia fir, this plant will take an important position in the Southern landscape scene where you want a plant with blue shading to it. 18 to 24in. \$1.00 24 to 36 in. \$1.50 3 to 4 ft. \$3.00

Broad Leaf Evergreens

ARDISIA CRENULATA — Compact, evergreen shrub with thick, dark green foliage, and bright red berries in winter. Resembles American Holly but is very dwarf in habit of growth. Excellent for shady places and also as a pot plant for Christman Christmas.

Small size ___\$.50 Medium ___\$.75 Large ___\$1.50

ABELIA GRANDIFLORA—One of cur most beautiful and satisfactory broad-leaved evergreens, fine for foundation plantings, hedges and single specimen plants.

12-18 in. each \$.35

4-5 ft. \$1.00

BOTTLE BRUSH (Callistemon Rigidus)—The ever-green foliage is narrow and dark green, on the new growth it produces long cylindrical brushlike flower spikes which gives it the name of Bottle Brush. Can be made to bloom all summer if after blooming it is pruned severely.

From pots _____50c and 75c BUXUS—Suffuticosa, Old English box, small, dark green foliage, slow grower, suitable for hedges, pots and urns.

BUXUS—Sempervirens, Bush Box Japonica, round light green foliage, fast grower.

18-24 in. \$1.50 15-18 in. _____ \$1.00 DURANTA PLUMIERI—(Golden Dewdrcp) An evergreen shrub with green leaves and racemes of lilac flowers, followed by yellow berries that hang on throughout the winter.

5 in. cans ____\$.50 CHERRY LAUREL—A splendid native broad-leaf evergreen tree with bright, shiny leaves. May be pruned to any desired size and shape. for hedges.

\$1.00 15-18 in. \$.40 18-24 in. \$.75 2-3 ft.

3-4 ft. \$1.50 Specimen \$3.00

URYA JAPONICA—Compact growing shrub, clothed thickly with dark green glossy leaves. Those who are looking for newer evergreens will do well to try this new addition to the evergreen family. They produce graph fragrant crosses. family. They produce small fragrant creamy white flowers in early spring.

2 to 3 ft. \$1.25 3 to 4 ft. \$1.50 ENGLISH LAUREL—Medium to large spreading

shrub with broad shiny rich green foliage.
2-3 ft. \$1.00 3-4 ft. \$1.50 4-5 ft. \$2.00
ELAEAGNUS PUNGEN AUREA — Variegata. Highly colored yellow variegation of the leaves makes this a good color plant to add to your collection. Colors do not fade, can stand shear-

12-15 in. \$1.10 18-24 in. \$1.75 2-3 ft. \$2.25 GARDENIA (Cape Jasmine)—Bright glossy foliage

vith large waxv flowers.

GARDENIA RADICANS—A dwarf trailing cape jasmine, never grows over fifteen inches high, small pure white flowers.

24 to 36 in spread \$1.50

HIBISCUS-SINENSIS: Fast growing shrub with glossy leaves and producing gorgeous colored flowers 3 to 5 in. across. in colors of, light, pink, dazzling scarlet, and scarlet with red center.

Each _____\$.25

11 ILEX CORNUTA FEMINA (Japanese Holly) -Showiest holly in the South. Its green leaves and bright berries made it a prize to be placed on the lawn. 8-12 in. \$_\$.50 12-15 in. \$_\$1.00 3-4 ft. \$_\$2.50 ILEX OPACA (American Holly)—The Christmas holly. Its green leaves and bright red berries make it show real color in the winter time when you want color. Our plants are all nursery grown and not taken from the woods. 12 to 18 in. ____\$1.00 5 to 6 ft. ____\$3.00 ILEX, VOMITORIA NOBILIS: This strain of Yaupon grown from cuttings, carries plenty of berries, and resist cold. 8 to 12 in. each _____\$.25 Six for _____\$1.25 ILEX, ANGUSTIFOLIA: A narrow leaf holly having small red berries in the winter, ideal for hedges. 2 to 3 ft... \$.50 3 to 4 ft... \$.75 4 to 5 ft... \$1.00 ILEX ROTUNDIFOLI (Round Leaf Holly)-Semidwarf, one of the best for low hedges and foundation plantings. Has bright green color.

15 to 18 in. \$.75 18 to 24 in. \$1.50 JASMINUM (Primrose Jasmine) - Evergreen shrub with dark green foliage and bright yellow flowers, arching branches. LIGUSTRUM AMUR RIVER PRIVIE—The green foliage makes this a good hedge plant. Medium __\$4.00 per 100 Heavy... \$5.00 per 100 LIGUSTRUM LUCIDUM (Wax Leaf Privit)—One of the best of the Jananese privits. Its shiny leaves makes it a good plant for hedges or foundation plantings and they are very showy as single 2 to 3 ft. _____ 1.00 LIGUSTRUM PYRAMIDALIS—Same as above but with a very upright growth. Makes a good plant for corners, between windows and back-ground plantings. 5-6 ft.... \$1.50 \$.75 4-5 ft. ___ \$1.00 LIGUSTRUM VARIEGATED — Upright growing shrub with variegated leaves. -24 in. \$.75 2-3 ft. \$ 3-4 ft. \$1.50 2-3 ft. \$1.00 18-24 in. LIGUSTRUM JAPONICUM AUREUM—Fast growing large golden leaved shrub that goes well in any planting.
4 to 5 ft. \$1.50 5 to 6 ft. \$2.25 LOQUAT—Handsome large leaved evergreen shrub or small tree, bearing obling yellow fruit. to 4 ft. \$1.50 4 to 5 ft. 4 to 5 ft. ____ \$3.00 3 to 4 ft. MAGNOLIA FUSCATA (Banana Shrub)—A good broad leaved evergreen to be used as single specimens. In early spring they produce flowers with banana like fragrance. Medium \$.50 Large \$.75 Specimens \$3.00 NANDINA (Heavenly Bamboo)—In the spring and autumn the large leaves are tinged with red, in early summer the large panicles of white flowers placed well above the foliage, in winter the large spikes of large bright red berries which are retained until late spring; hardy as far north as

10-12 in. __\$.50 12-18 in. __\$.75

Specimens ____\$2.50

Washington.

6-10 in. _ \$.40

18 to 24 in. \$1.25

Azalea Indica Variety

CRITERION — White with pink stripes, compact

CHINA SEAS—This is a new one. The large flowers are a brilliant madarin pink and frilled on the edges, strong grower with light green foliage.

DAPHANE RED (Pluto)-Attractive red, hardy,

DUC DE RHON-Lovely salmon pink, early.

ELEGANCE-Light pink, hardy and fast open grower.

FORMOSA—Purple, fast grower, mid-season.

GOLDSWORTH RED-New; flowers a clear, bright. crimson, a loose flat grower, each _____\$1.00

GULF PRIDE—Beautiful light purple, hardy, upright grower.

HARRY VEITCHII—Large pink waved petals, midseason, slow grower.

PRIDE OF MOBILE—Watermelon red, large flow-

ers, mid-season.

PRIDE OF DORKING—Deep red, late, compact. PRINCE OF ORANGE—Deep orange red, midseason, spreading grower.

PHONENICA—Lavender, mid-season, low and compact. Very hardy.

TILLNEY RED-Brilliant red, attractive, heavy bloomer \$1.25 TWENTY GRAND—New flowers semi-double,

stunning rose pink, good grower, each \$1.00 WILLIAM BULL—Double orange red, compact

late.

Our Azaleas are all heavy rooted field grown stock, have stood the sun all summer, and are now ready to be planted in your yard.

PRICES OF INDICA AZALEAS

15-18 in.\$.75 6-8 in. spread ____\$.35 18-24 in. _____1.50 Specimen priced up to \$35.00

Hardy Japanese And Kurume Azaleas

AMOENA COCCENIA—Fiery red, new and hardy. BENIGRI-Large single deep red flowers, upright fast grower.

CHRISTMAS CHEER-Deepest crimson.

CORAL BELL-Beautiful shell pink, one of the best.

FLAME-Single orange-red flower, upright vigorous grower, early.

J. T. LOVETT-New; large salmon red, blocmed here this past season in May.

HINODEGIRI-Fiery red, slow, salmon-pink, hose in hose, mid-season.

SNOW-White, hose in hose.

PRICES OF HARDY JAPANESE AND KURUME AZALEAS

4-6 in.	eacl	n \$.30	Ten	for	\$2.50
6-8 in.	each	n .70	Ten	for	6.50
Larg	e sizes,	each \$1	.00, \$1	.50	to \$3.00

13DEODARA—This evergreen adds the CEDRUS touch of blue-green color to your plantings that no other evergreen can give you. 3 to 4 ft. \$1.50 4 to 5 ft. \$2.25 We have larger sizes up to \$10.00 according to the form and height. JUNIPERUS CHINENSIS ALBO VARIEGATA-Slow growing conical shaped juniper with much creamy white variegation, making a very attractive subject. 18-24 in. __ \$1.50 JUNIPERUS (Spiny Greek Juniper)—Well branched with grayish green foliage, a low grower very ornamental and conical in shape. 6-8 in. ... \$.60 15-18 in. ... \$1.25 18-24 in. ... \$1.50 JUNIPERUS (Pfitzeriana)—One of the best low growing evergreens; has a low, flat spreading top, dark green foliage.

10-15 in. \$\\$.75 \ 15-24 in. \$\\$2.00 \ 2-3 ft. \$\\$2.50 JUNIPERUS (English Juniper) — Column type of bluish hue, withstanding heat of southern sun and hardy in the north, and is a great deal better than the old type. 2-3 ft. ... \$1.00 3-4 ft. \$1.50 12-18 in. ...\$.50 JUNIPERUS JAPONICA (Creeping Juniper)—Very hardy prostrate juniper of blue-green color, never growing over 12 inches high. Large ___\$1.50 Medium\$1.00 JUNIPERUS VIRGINIA GLAUCA (Blue Cedar)-Distinctive blue-green foliage, symmetrical columnar habit. As near to the color of the Colorado Blue Spruce as you will find in any evergreen in the South. 4-5 ft.\$4.00 3-4 ft. ___\$3.00 JUNIPERUS SYLVESTRIS — Beautiful juniper, grows well in lower Scuth; sandy locations do not affect it. Steel-color needle shaped leaves, narrow and upright habit. 18 to 24 in. \$1.00 3-4 ft. \$2.00 00 2-3 ft. \$1.50 4-5 ft. \$2.50 JUNIPERUS DEPRESSA AUREA (Golden Canadian Juniper) - Low spreading, compact variety with young growth, tinged a bronzy golden.
Small size \$1.00 18-24 in. \$150 2-3 ft. \$2.00
JUNIPERUS COMMUNIS DEPRESSA (Canadian Juniper)—Beautiful silver needles, low spreading, compact, fast grower, never reaching over four feet in height. 18 to 24 in. ______75c
RETINOSPORA SQUARROSAS—Its beautiful silvery blue foliage makes it a good combination plant to give a new color to your plantings. 15 to 18 in. ______50c 4 to 5 ft. _____1.75 Specimens _____5.00 2 to 3 ft. ____\$1.00 3 to 4 ft. ___\$1.50 RETINOSPORA PLUMOSA AUREA (Golden Plum Cypress)—Has golden plume-like foliage, can be sheared, tall growing, very hardy. 3 to 4 ft. \$1.25 4 t₀ 5 ft\$1.75 RETINOSPORA ERICOIDES—Dark bluish green foliage in summer, turning to beautiful plum color

in winter. Upright growth and can be placed where you want a narrow columnar growing plant. Small size \$.35 12 to 18 in. \$.50 18-24 in. \$1.25 2-3 ft. \$1.50 3-4 ft. \$2.00

THUJA ARBORVITAE (Golden Ball — Strictly dwarf with perfect globe shape and bright golden foliage.				
12 to 15 in. \$1.50 15 to 18 in. \$2.00 THUJA AUREA NANA (Berckman's Golden)—The well known dwarf golden arborvitae.				
12 to 15 in. \$.75 18 to 24 in. \$1.00 2-3 ft. \$1.50 THUJA ORIENTALS (Baker's Pyramidalis)—Tall growing, retains its beautiful green color through-				
out the year. 10 to 15 in\$.40				
THUJA BONITA (Globe Arborvitae)—This is a beautiful rich green variety, dwarf habit, it is cone-shape, rather broad; fine for urns and tubs.				
12 to 18 in. \$1.25 18 to 24 in. \$1.75 THUJA, BIOTA, RAMSEY'S HYBRID—A good green columnar Arborvitae.				
12 to 15 in\$.75 15 to 18 in\$1.00				
Shade And Ornamental Trees				
MAGNOLIA ACUMINATA (Cucumber Magnolia)— Large white flowers after leaves appear; leaves large, measuring 18 to 24 inches long and 6 to 8				
inches wide. Makes a fine shade tree. 12 to 18 in. \$1.00 18 to 24 in. \$1.50				
MAGNOLIA GRANDIFLORA—The grandest broad leaved evergreen tree of the South; large pure white flowers				
3-4 ft. \$.75 4-5 ft. \$1.00 5-6 ft. \$1.50 LOMBARDY POPLAR—A fast grower and makes				
a good tree to be placed where you may want a good tree back-ground.				
2 to 3 ft. \$.75 3 to 5 ft. \$1.00 MIMOSA—A fast growing tree with spreading branches. Fine feathery foliage with flowers in				
large heads borne at tip of branches. 2-3 ft\$.50 3-4 ft\$.75 5-6 ft\$1.00				
LIVE OAK—The best shade tree for the South, and can be made to grow into a tree in a few years if given some and fertilized				
if given care and fertilized. 3-4 ft. \$1.10 4-5 ft. \$1.50 Specimens \$2.50 to \$10.00 RED BUD or JUDAS TREE—A nicely shaped de-				
abundance of rosy pink flowers in early spring.				
2-4 ft\$.45 3-4 ft\$.75 5-7 ft\$1.00 DOGWOOD (Cornus Florida)—White flowering. 3-4 ft\$.75 4-5 ft\$1.00 5-6 ft\$1.50				
DOGWOOD RUBRA—Red flowering. 2-3 ft \$1.25 3-4 ft \$1.50 4-5 ft \$2.00				
ULMUS (Chinese Elm) — Rapid grower and far superior to the American elm. 4 to 5 ft. — \$.50 5 to 6 ft. — \$100				
WILLOW (Weeping)—This makes a natural setting				
2 to 3 ft\$.50 3 to 4 ft\$.75				
Palms				
COCAS AUSARALIS—A beautiful hardy palm with green curved pinnate leaves. Fast grower. Small \$1.00 Modium \$1.50				
Small \$1.00 Medium \$1.50 Large 2.50 Specimen 8.00 CYCAS REVOLUATA (Sago Palm)—Small grow-				
ing hardy palm, one of the best for pot culture. Medium\$.75 Large\$1.00				

Height 36

Deciduous And Flowering Shrubs

CASSIA, SENNA—A free flowering plant from Argentina, hardy here, flowers buttercup yellow, produced in terminal clusters during the summer. Each \$1.00

HYDRANGEA (Hortensis)—Ornamental deciduous shrub adapted to shady and half shady places. Blooms may be pink or blue depending on soil and cultural conditions.

8 to 12 in. ____\$.40 12 to 15 in. ____\$.75

CYDONIA (Fire Bush)—One of the early Spring flowering shrubs, the fiery blossoms of crimson and salmon creating a grand display.

12 to 15 in. \$\,.35 \quad 15 to 18 in. \$\,.50 \\
BERBERIS (Red Leaf Barberry)\to This new variety of Japanese Barberry with bronze, red to brilliant

red foliage throughout the summer.

inches with about the same spread.

12-15 in. \$.50 15-18 in. \$.75 18-24 in. \$1.50 MALLOWS (Hibiscus)—Very large flowers, eight inches across for dark pink, blooming all summer until frost.

Medium \$.40 Heavy ... DOUBLE FLOWERING ALMOND—Pink; a showy broad shrub completely covered in spring with double pink flowers.

18 to 24 in. each \$.50 DOUBLE FLOWERING ALMOND—White; same as above but with white flowers.

18 to 24 in. _____\$.50

CREPE MYRTLE (Lagerstroemia Indica)—A vigorcus well grown plant; will grow 15 to 18 feet high, but they do a great deal better if pruned severely each winter, they give you more and better flowers. Hardy and grows any place. Colors: Purple, Pink, White and Watermelon Red. 2-3 ft. \$.35 3-4 ft. \$.65 5-7 ft. \$1.00 WEIGELA (Candida)—Flowers pure white. WEIGELA (Eva Rathke)—Flowers ruby red. WEIGELA (Hendersonii)—This new variety adds now color to the pink shades

new color to the pink shades.

18 to 24 in. \$.50 24 to 36 in. \$.75 PHILADELPHUS (Mock Orange)—Flowers pure white, bloom early in spring.

18 to 24 in. \$.35 ALTHEA (Rose of Sharon). 2 to 3 ft.\$.50

Double violet.

Double white red center. d'Arc-Double pure white.

Double red.

Single pure white.

Prices of Altheas: 18-24 in. \$.50 3 for \$1.00 CORNUS FLORIDA RUBRA—Red flowering dogwood. See Shade Trees.

KOLKEVITZIA (Beauty Bush)—A charming new shrub from China; flowers resemble Weigela.

18 t₀ 24 in. \$.60 2 to 3 ft. \$.75 SPIREA (Anthony Waterer)—Produces large flat heads of rosey pink flowers.

SPIREA (Thunbergi)—Light green fern-like foliage

low grower. SPIREA (Reevsiniana)—Small double and semidouble white flowers.

SPIREA (Van Houtte)—Graceful arching branches. Prices of Spireas: 15-18 in. \$.35 18-24 in. \$.50

ORIENTAL MAGNOLIA (Alba Superba) — Small size tree, extra large, almost white flowers, upright grower.

ORIENTAL MAGNOLIA (Soulangeana) - Small size tree, extra large, almost white flowers, up-

right grower.

ORIENTAL MAGNOLIA (Soulangeana) — Small size tree with large nine petal pinkish flowers before leaves come out in spring. One of the most beautiful flowering trees. Grows as far North as Chicago.

ORIENTAL MAGNOLIA (Soulangeana Nigra -Same as Soulangeana except blooms later and

darker in color.

Prices of Oriental Magnolias:

15-18 in. ...\$1.00 18-24 in. ...\$1.50 2-3 ft. ...\$2.00

Bulbs

HYBRIDA AMARYLLIS (Meads Strain)—The flowers are very large, some times measuring eleven inches across; ranging in color from purest white to the darkest red shades.

Extra large \$1.50 Large \$.75

AMARYLLIS JOHNSONII—Color crimson scarlet. Six for\$1.00 Each _____\$.25

ANTIGONON LEPTOUS Rose) (Mountain Makes a handsome vine during summer, with coral-pink colored flowers.

Two year bulbs __\$.75 One year bulbs ___\$.50

CALADIUM: (Fancy Leaved)—These come in many cclors. Can be used in window boxes, vases or pots, and may be planted outside after danger of frost.

Twelve for ____\$2.50 Each\$.30

CRINUM—This variety blooms all summer; pure white flowers shaded with pink.

CRINUM (Houdyshelii)—This is a new one that blooms all summer on tall flower stems four feet high. Flowers a beautiful shade, color as pink radiance rose. It took blue ribbon at Palm Beach flower show. A very good grower.

Each \$1.50 Large \$2.50

CANNAS—President, red Mrs. Alf Conard, pink King Humbert, red leaves, red flowers.

100 for \$3.50 Three roots ____ \$.25

Three new cannas, which give you new color to an old favorite:

SUNGOLD—Tall grower, green leaves, with beautiful gold color.

COPPER GIANT—Tall grower, green leaves, striking red fading into gold.

VAUGHAN—Tall FLORENCE grower, green leaves, bright yellow spotted red.

Prices on all three _____\$.15 each

CREOLE (Easter Lily)—Pure white.

Each ____\$.25 Six for ____\$1.00

DAY LILY (Hemerocallis)—These are fine for the

border, very easy to grow, and we offer you some of the latest new varieties. Flowers very large. In the following varieties: Anna Betscher (soft gold), Goldeni (gold with brown tint), Gypsy (yellow), D. D. Wyman (light yellow), Mrs. W. H. Wyman (light yellow). Priced \$.75 each. DAY LILY (Hermerocallis)—These are the old common varieties used for bedding plants. Tawny Double (orange), Tawney Single (orange), Minor (lemon yellow), Middenlerfii (light yellow).

Six for _____\$.50 Twelve for _____\$.90

Six for ____\$.50 Twelve for ____\$.90 FORMOSA LILY—Snow white trumpet shape flowers on stems up to six feet high; mid-summer

to late fall; new variety.

Each \$20 Six for \$1.00

GLADIOLUS—We are offering these wonderful cut flower bulbs in named varieties and mixture, just as you want them.

Picardy: One of the largest and most famous Glads to be offered to the American public, with its soft tones of salmon shades; flowers measuring five inches across.

Betty Nuthall: Sparkling orange pink, many flowers open at one time.
Pfitzer's Triumph: Rich orange-red with vel-

vety red blotched throat.

American: One of the old standards. White with purple throat.

Peace: Pale pink.
Herada: Purple, low grower.
Break o' Day: Light pink, many open at one

Golden Eagle: Early yellow.

Twelve for \$25 100 for \$2.00 MONTBRETIA—Flower spikes similar to Gladiola, beautiful for border. Color gold with a throat of burnt orange; will grow any where.

Six for \$.35 100 for \$3.50 RED SPIDER LILY (Nerine)—Color red, blooming late summer. Six for \$.90

TIGER LILY—White with red spots.

Each \$_\$ 30 \ Six for \$_\$3.50

TUBE ROSES (Mexican)—White flowers borne on tall stiff stems, very fragrant, fine for cut flowers. Six for \$.40 Twelve for \$.75

IRIS (Siberian Kingfisher)—A beautiful shade of dark blue.

IRIS (Siberian Snow Queen)—Pure white.

Each _____\$.20 Six for ____\$1.00

Dahlias

The Fall flower that is queen in the South. The varieties we offer have been grown here at the nursery and will stand our weather conditions of the lower South. Come to our nursery and see these Dahlias when they are at their best. You are always welcome.

JERSEY BEAUTY - The color is a lovely pink carried on long stems, fine for cutting; large

JANE COWL-Apricot golden, buff and gold; extra large flowers; massive beauty, borne on stiff stems.

MRS. I. V. WARNER—Lavender; very popular, large flowers on stiff stems.

FRANCIS LA ROCCO—Cream yellow, tall grower. ROSE GLORY — Dark pink, heavy bloomer, low grower.

RED GIANT—Tall grower, velvety dark red flowers.
MELODY—Lemon yellow, tall grower.
Prices on Dahlias, except where noted: Each _____\$.25 Three for ____\$.60

ROSES

Roses for the southern gardens:

Jeanette Heller, white blushed with pink.

Red Radiance, red.

Pink Radiance, pink.

Etoile de Hollande, red. Frau Kral Druschki (White American Beauty)

Editor McFarland, deep pink.

Pres. Hoover, pink, scarlet and gold.

Sunburst, yellow.

Ami Quinard, dark red.

Gruss An Tiplitz, red.

Briarcliff, pink.
Climbing, American Beauty, red.
Climbing Mary Wallace, pink.
Climbing Talisman, golden yellow.
Climbing Marechal Neil, yellow.

Priced: Each ...\$.30 Twelve for ___\$3.00 Prepaid.

HINTS ON ROSE CULTURE

Roses do best in a stiff soil, not too light. Add clay where you have too sandy soil. A good mixture of peat moss, well rotted cow manure, and bone meal is beneficial. Roses are heavy feeders and should be well fertilized and watered.

There are two diseases and one pest that give most of the trouble here in the South. (1) Mildew: May be controlled by dusting with Dusting Sulphur. (2) Black Spot: A fungus growth which causes black spots on the leaves and causes them to turn yellow and fall off. Spray with Bordeaux Mixture every 10 days or two weeks. (3) Thrips: An insect which feeds on the blooms and leaves. Can be controlled by using nicotine sulphate at the rate of 1 to 600 to your Bordeaux spray.

ROULETTE—Very dwarf form of rose, ROSE never grows over ten inches high, small double pink flower. Novelty for pot or rock garden.

Each _____\$.30 Six for ____\$1.50

Fruits

PEACHES-Early Elberta, Belle Georgia and Hiley Belle. 25c. PEARS—Chinese Sand Pears. 3-4 ft.\$.45 5-7 ft.\$.60 7 ft.\$1.50 FIGS—Celeste. One year __\$.35 Two year __\$.50 PLUM (Glen)—A new variety, fast grower, early bearer. Large fruit, small seed. 4 to 5 ft. \$1.00 5 ft. _____\$1.50 PLUM-Terrell and Excelsior. Well known variety suitable for the South. 3 to 4 ft. ____\$.75 to 3 ft. ____\$.50 YOUNG BERRIES— 12 for \$1.00. MULBERRY HICK-Large fruit. 2 to 3 ft. \$.50 3 to 4 ft. \$.75 PERSIMMON (Japanese) — Tane Nashi. Large heart shape fruit. 2 to 3 ft. ____\$.50 3 to 4 ft. ____\$.75 PECAN (Stuart)—Nuts large, good grower and the best for general planting. 5 to 6 ft. \$1.25 Ter

Ten for _____\$11.50

Vines

ANTIGONON-Listed under Bulbs. ENGLISH IVY-An excellent covering for walls and the trunks, evergreen. Each ____\$.20 WISTERIA—Colors purple, white and pink.
Prices: Purple and white 40c each, Pink 90c.
ALLAMANDA HENDERSONNI — Glossy leaved climbing plant. Large bright yellow flowers.

Each \$.35 Large \$.75

IVY—Hahn's Self-Branching: This variety is remarkable for its multitude of small leaves and because it mats together in graceful, dropping fashion over the side of boxes or pots, can be used the same as English-Ivy. Each \$.20 Six for \$1.00 MEXICAN LOVE VINE—Large green leaves fast grower, with beautiful golden shade flowers. Every one who sees this plant goes wild over it. You will like it. Each \$.35 BOUGAINVILLA—Bright crimson flowers, good grower. Makes an excellent pot plant.

Each \$.35 Large \$.50

THUNBURGIA—Sky Flower. One of the finest fast growing vines we have here in the South. Beautiful green foliage with large blue flowers. Blooms all summer. Each \$.35
CLEODENDRON (Chinese Ballon Plant)—A good vinery plant for pot or tub, producing large clusters of pure white flowers. ters of pure white flowers with bright red centers. Each \$.35 Large size \$.50 CLAMATIS PANICULTATA — Sweet flowering vine, produces great masses of fragrant white star shape flowers during mid-summer and fall. One year old ____\$.35 Two year old ____\$.50 VINCA—Green silver-edged leaf trailing vine, good for hanging baskets and porch boxes.

Each ______15c and 25c

BIGNONIA — A handsome vigorous growing evergreen vine, producing red flowers. Each\$.35 Large size\$.50 **Plants** GERBERA (Transvall Daisy)-Graceful, elegant. Red, cerise, salmon, orange and yellow in assorted mixtures. 12 for \$2.50 postpaid. 25c each THRIFT (Phlox)—Low growing evergreen border plant with mauve colored star-shaped flowers completely covering plant in late winter and spring.

12 for \$_\$.30 100 for \$_\$2.25 DOUBLE SHASTA DAISIES—This is a new addition for your cut flower garden, producing large flowers on long stiff stems. Pure white.

Each \$.25 Six for \$1.25

PANSIES—Large flowering, mixed colors.

Dozen \$.35 Fifty \$.70 Hundred \$1.

In bud and bloom 10c each Three for 2

Hundred ___\$1.50 Three for 25c

calea Glen Rurseries, Inc. Toxley, Alabama U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE,

WASHINGTON, D. C.

BUREAU OF PLANT INDUSTRY
Fruit and Vegetable Crops and Diseases

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